metallic copper, lead and zinc, has been established at Trail, in the southern interior. Research work at Trail, resulting in an economic method of recovering zinc from the refractory lead-zinc ores of the Kootenays, has given a great impetus to mining activities in that region and accounts in large measure for the rapid growth in recent years of the production of silver, lead and zinc in British Columbia. A large coppersmelting plant is in operation at Anyox.

Since 1907, British Columbia has occupied second place among the provinces in regard to the value of mineral production. Previous to that time the province had for many years held first place in value of output. In 1925 the production was valued at \$64,485,242, which was second only to Ontario with a production of \$87,980,436.

12.-Mineral Production of British Columbia, 1923-1925.

Products.	1923.		1924.		1925.	
	Quantity.	Value,	Quantity.	Value.	Quantity.	Value.
<u> </u>	_ 	\$				8
METALLIC— Arsenic	1,217,970 55,224,737	41,780 7,963,959	495,250 65,451,246	19,768 8,524,370	1,277,696 69,221,600	16,978 9,720,097
Gold fine oz. Iron ore sold for ex-	200,140	4,137,261	245,719	5,079,462	219,227	4,531,824
port tons	243	1,215	-	-	-	
dian ore	99,541,818	7,146,107	14 163,467,628	350 13,652,617	- 242,454,502	22,111,850
Platinum fine oz.		816 3,965,899	8,153,003	569 5,444,657	8,579,458	715 5,925,403
Zine 1b.	60,050,000	3,967,504	96,000,069	6,090,244	99,152,966	7,557,439
Non-metallic— Coaltons	2,823,306	13,813,520	2,193,667	10,601,998	2.742,252	11,720,373
Fluorspar " Grindstones, pulp-	75	1,135	-	-	3,874	19,03
stones	323	1.615	240 30	19,000 150	481 240	27,78 86
Magnesium sulphate "	121	6,580	"-	-	20	_
Oxides (iron)	15 513	750 6,450	120	2,620		1,000 2,740
Pyrites	3,457 25,590	13,304 47,029	8,091 21,358	40,459 43,034	2,670 853	13,350 2,26
Quartz " Sodium carbonate "	25,390 265	3,975	510	5,173	1,120	8,140
Talc "	245	5,390	165	3,630	92	1,58
STRUCTURAL MATERIALS— Clay products	_	426, 138		460.594		523,93
Lime—			510 500		F 1 5 0 5 0	
Quicklime bush. Hydrated tons	564,971 4,410	338,443 50,051	517,577 4,157	320,312 50,517	515,058 4,718	$304,22 \\ 60,21$
Stone	165,100	249,866		353,741	256,226	337, 19
Cement	-	1,568,601	- \}	1,240,331 344,937	_	1,151,34 446,89
= '			<u> </u>		<u> </u>	
Total	-	43,757,388	-	52,298,533		64,485,24

9.—Yukon.

The discovery of the Klondyke gold fields, situated near Dawson on the Yukon river, first gave the Yukon district prominence as a mining centre. Placer gold is still the principal mineral product, although the development of the silver-lead ores of Keno and Galena hills in the Mayo district is increasing in importance. The wide distribution of the ores of gold, copper, silver and lead, characteristic of the Cordilleran region, of which the district forms a part, indicates enormous mining possibilities.